15 -ാം കേരള നിയമസഭ

2 -ാം സമ്മേളനം

നക്ഷത്ര ചിഹ്നം ഇല്ലാത്ത ചോദ്യം നം. 1976

<u> 29-07-2021 - ൽ മറ്റപടിയ്ക്</u>

<u>വൈദ്യുതി കണക്ഷൻ</u>

ചോദ്യം		ഉത്തരം	
ശ്രീ. എം. എം. മണി		Shri. K. Krishnankutty (വൈദൃതി വകുപ്പ് മന്ത്രി)	
ക്കെ ബ സ്റ്റേ ചൈ	ർമ്മാണ പ്രവൃത്തികൾ തടഞ്ഞുകൊണ്ട് ഹെക്കോടതിയുടെ സ്റ്റേയോ, ഉത്തരവോ, ന്ധപ്പെട്ട തദ്ദേശ സ്വയം ഭരണ സ്ഥാപനത്തിന്റെ റ്റാപ്പ് മെമ്മോയോ നിലനിൽക്കുന്ന കെട്ടിടത്തിന് വെദ്യുതി കണക്ഷൻ നൽകവാൻ കഴിയുമോ എന്ന് ക്തമാക്കാമോ;	(എ)	വൈദ്യുതി കണക്ഷൻ നല്ലാൻ കഴിയില്ല.
എ6	ഇമായി ബന്ധപ്പെട്ട ചട്ടങ്ങൾ / ഉത്തരവുകൾ ന്തെങ്കിലും ഉണ്ടെങ്കിൽ അതിന്റെ പകർപ്പ് ൽകാമോ?	(ബി)	കേന്ദ്ര വൈദ്യുതി നിയമം 2003 പ്രകാരം സംസ്ഥാന റെഗുലേറ്ററി കമ്മീഷൻ പുറപ്പെടുവിച്ചിട്ടുള്ള കേരള ഇലക്ലിസിറ്റി സപ്ലൈ കോഡ് അനസരിച്ചാണ് കെ.എസ്.ഇ. ബി.എൽ വൈദ്യുതി കണക്ഷൻ നൽകേണ്ടത്. കേരള ഇലക്ലിസിറ്റി സപ്ലൈ കോഡ് 2014 ലെ റെഗുലേഷൻ 39 പ്രകാരം ഒരു മേഖലയ്ക്കോ കോളനിയിലേയ്ക്കോ കെട്ടിടത്തിലേയ്ക്കോ വൈദ്യുതി നൽകന്നതിനു എതെങ്കിലും കോടതിയോ ഗവൺമെന്റോ പ്രാപ്തനായ അധികാരിയോ ഉത്തരവിറക്കി നിയന്ത്രിക്കുകയോ അല്ലെങ്കിൽ നിരോധിക്കുകയോ ചെയ്തിട്ടുണ്ടെങ്കിൽ ലൈസൻസി അവിടെ വൈദ്യുതി നൽകേണ്ടതില്ല. ഇത് കൂടാതെ കൽപ്പിക്കാൻ അധികാരമുള്ള ഒരു നിയമ അധികാരി വൈദ്യുതി ബന്ധം വിച്ഛേദിക്കുവാൻ ആവശ്യപ്പെടുകയാണെങ്കിൽ നൽകിയ വൈദ്യുതി കണക്ഷനുകളും മറ്റു കാരണങ്ങളില്ലെങ്കിലും വിച്ഛേദിക്കാൻ കേരള ഇലക്ലിസിറ്റി സപ്ലൈ കോഡ് 2014 ലെ റെഗുലേഷൻ 138 (i) (f) വ്യവസ്ഥ ചെയ്യുന്നു. കേരള ഇലക്ലിസിറ്റി സപ്ലൈ കോഡ് 2014 ന്റെ 39,138 (i) (f) റെഗ്ലലോഷനുകളുടെ പകർപ്പ് അനുബന്ധമായി ചേർത്തിരിക്കുന്നു.

സെക്ഷൻ ഓഫീസർ

(vi) for meeting the demand of a consumer requesting for dedicated feeder or protected load status irrespective of its demand:

Provided that, if due to technical reasons, the extension or upgradation or both to be undertaken by the licensee as per this regulation is more than the requirement of such consumer, the expenditure for such extension or upgradation or both to be realised from the consumer shall be limited to the proportionate expenditure.

- 37. Expenditure for service line, plant etc., for providing supply.- (1) The consumer shall bear the expenditure for the service line or of the plant or of both, provided exclusively for him by the licensee.
- (2) The expenditure for line and plant mentioned in subregulation (1) above shall be determined as per the cost data approved by the Commission.
- 38. Publication of the conditions for grant of connection.- (1) The licensee shall prominently display on its website and wherever feasible in its offices, the conditions for grant of connection, the updated status of applications for new connections in the jurisdiction of that office, detailed procedure for grant of new connection, the amount of security to be deposited and other costs to be paid by the applicant and the complete list of documents required to be furnished along with applications.
- (2) All these details shall be made available in English and in Malayalam wherever possible.
- (3) No document which has not been included in the list so displayed as per subregulation (1) above, shall normally be required for processing application forms for new connection:

Provided that the licensee may, for reasons to be communicated in writing to the applicant or consumer, call for additional details or documents if found necessary for processing the application.

- 39. Restriction to supply of electricity to prohibited area or premises.- Supply of electricity to an area or colony or building or any premises shall not be granted by the licensee, if any court or the Government or any other competent authority has issued an order restraining or prohibiting such grant of supply of electricity.
- 40. Recovery of arrears relating to the previous consumer.- (1) The arrears of electricity charges and other liabilities if any, in the accounts of the previous consumer of any premises shall be recovered from such previous consumer of the premises, with whom the licensee has executed the service connection agreement, and not from the purchaser or lessee or occupier of the premises.
- (2) The licensee shall, on disconnection of supply and dismantling of the service connection on account of arrears of electricity charges, determine the agreement with such consumer and shall forthwith initiate legal proceedings for recovery of arrears of electricity charges and other liabilities from such consumer and shall obtain necessary interim or final orders from the appropriate legal forum:

Provided that the amount of arrears of electricity charges and other liabilities finally recoverable from the consumer and the modus of recovery shall be in accordance with such interim or final orders of the appropriate legal forum.

(3) If a purchaser or lessee or occupier of such premises requires a new connection, as the earlier connection given to the previous consumer in that premises has already been (5) The licensee may formulate a scheme for one-time settlement of long pending arrears and implement the scheme with prior approval of the Commission:

Provided that such one-time settlement schemes shall be open only for short duration.

137. Mode of payment.- (1)The consumer may make payment to the licensee by way of cheque, demand draft, money order or cash:

Provided that cash shall be accepted only for payments up to and including twenty thousand rupees:

Provided further that out-station cheque and demand drafts of any scheduled bank payable at par at any of its branches shall also be accepted towards payment of charges due to the licensee.

(2) The licensee shall make available to the consumers, within six months, the facilities for new modes of payment namely bank transfer, on line payment etc.

CHAPTER VIII DISCONNECTION, DISMANTLING AND RECONNECTION

- 138. Grounds for disconnection.- (1) The licensee shall not disconnect the supply of electricity to any consumer except on any one or more of the following grounds:-
 - (a) if the consumer defaults in payment of the dues payable to the licensee as per the bill
 or demand notice or any order issued by a competent authority, within the period
 stipulated therein;
 - (b) if the security provided by the consumer has become insufficient or the consumer fails to provide additional security as required by the licensee;
 - (c) if the consumer is found to have indulged in theft of electricity;
 - (d) if the failure to disconnect is likely to cause health hazard or safety risk or damage to property or to the consumer or to any other person;
 - (e) if the conduct or continuance of any business or industry or activity being carried out in any premises becomes unlawful due to lack of necessary permission from the competent authority or due to withdrawal of such permission by any competent authority;
 - (f) if the licensee is mandated to do so by an order of a legal authority, competent to issue such a mandate;
 - (g) if the licensee is entitled to do so under an agreement with the consumer;
 - (h) if the installation of the consumer does not comply with the applicable rules or any other reasonable requirements stipulated by the licensee;
 - (i) if the consumer has contravened the provisions of the Code or of the Act, which entitles the licensee to disconnect the supply;
 - if the wiring, apparatus, equipment or installation at the premises of the consumer is found to be defective or unsafe or there is leakage of electricity;
 - (k) if the consumer is found to have altered the position of the meter and related apparatus or if the consumer uses any apparatus or appliance other than the ones authorised by the licensee;