

പതിനാലാം കേരള നിയമസഭ  
ഏഴാം സമ്മേളനം

നക്ഷത്ര ചിഹ്നമിടാത്ത ചോദ്യം നം. 3030

21.08.2017 ൽ മറുപടിയ്ക്ക്

"നാണുവിലകളുടെ വിലയിടിവ്"

ചോദ്യം

ശ്രീ. പി.ബി അബ്ദുൾ റസാക്ക്  
ഡോ. എം. കെ. മുനീർ  
ശ്രീ. പി.കെ.ബഷീർ  
ശ്രീ. കെ.എം.ഷാജി

ഉത്തരം

ശ്രീ. വി.എസ് സുനിൽകുമാർ  
(ബഹു. കൃഷി വകുപ്പ് മന്ത്രി)

(എ) നാണുവിലകളുടെ വിലയിടിവ് മൂലം (എ) ഉണ്ട്.  
കർഷകർ നേരിടുന്ന ബുദ്ധിമുട്ടുകൾ  
ശ്രദ്ധയിൽപ്പെട്ടിട്ടുണ്ടോ;

(ബി) നാണുവിലകൾക്ക് ന്യായമായ വില (ബി)  
ഉറപ്പുവരുത്താൻ സ്വീകരിച്ച നടപടികൾ  
എന്തെല്ലാം; വിശദാംശം വ്യക്തമാക്കുമോ?

റബ്ബർ വിലയിടിവ് നേരിട്ടപ്പോൾ റബ്ബർ കർഷകരെ സഹായിക്കുവാൻ റബ്ബറിന് കിലോയ്ക്ക് 150 രൂപ ഉറപ്പാക്കുന്ന 'റബ്ബർ പ്രൊഡക്ഷൻ ഇൻസെന്റീവ് പദ്ധതി' സംസ്ഥാന സർക്കാർ നടപ്പിലാക്കിയിട്ടുണ്ട്. കൂടാതെ നാണുവിലകളുടെ ഇറക്കുമതിയുമായി ബന്ധപ്പെട്ട നയങ്ങൾ പുനഃപരിശോധിക്കണമെന്നും സംസ്ഥാനത്തെ വിലകളെ സംരക്ഷണ പട്ടികയിൽ ഉൾപ്പെടുത്തണം എന്നും കേന്ദ്രസർക്കാരിനോട് അഭ്യർത്ഥിച്ചിട്ടുണ്ട്. (അനുബന്ധം)

  
സെക്ഷൻ ഓഫീസർ



Adv. V. S. SUNIL KUMAR  
MINISTER FOR AGRICULTURE

Thiruvananthapuram

Date ...28-9-16.....

Dear Radha Mohan Singhji

I would like to draw your kind attention to the issues regarding Regional Comprehensive Economic Partnership a Free Trade Agreement which is being negotiated by our country with ASEAN countries and their trading partners.

I take this opportunity to remind you that Kerala State is worst affected by the various Free/ preferential Trade Agreements signed by the Union Government with the developing countries especially with ASEAN nations. Consequent to the wide fluctuations in the prices of the major crops including natural rubber, spices and coconut, at various times the small and marginal farmers of the state are in distress. It is believed that this situation is the direct aftermath of the large scale import of same kind of products into the country consequent to the various Free/ Preferential Trade Agreements especially ASEAN INDIA Free Trade Agreement.

You may be aware that ASEAN countries and Kerala enjoy the same agro climatic condition as well as crop mix. Similar to Kerala, the ASEAN countries of Thailand, Indonesia, Malaysia, Vietnam and Philippines are also major producers and exporters of products like pepper, tea, coffee, natural rubber and marine products.

It is known that the Government of India is currently engaged in talks for negotiating the Regional Comprehensive Economic Partnership (RCEP) Agreement. While it is accepted that RCEP is of strategic importance for India both in the Context of its look East Policy and the comprehensive nature of the engagement, we are worried about the outcomes of such an agreement to the farming community of our state.

India's large consumer market must be accessible to our domestic farmers before they are opened to foreign traders. As a result of liberalization, the farmer has actually lost access to his domestic market due to imports.

The fluctuating levels of productivity due to the recurrent incidence of drought, pests and diseases consequent to climatic change are other challenges to the agrarian economy of our state.

India, in general, and Kerala in particular, suffer from cost disadvantage in the production of several agricultural commodities. This is mainly because of the climatic changes due to global warming that resulted in the emergence of various pests and diseases which have affected the production and productivity. The fragmented size of holdings also makes farming uneconomic. The import of interior products of the same kind from neighbouring countries at very low cost also causes concern to the state.

It is understood that the thirteenth round of RCEP Negotiations were held at Laos last month. So far no discussions have been had by the Union government with Kerala state on RCEP issues. Kerala state therefore requests

your personal intervention as Union Agricultural Minister on matters affecting the livelihood security of the farmers while negotiating the important agreements like RCEP Free Trade Agreement.

We would be very much obliged if you could direct the Commerce ministry to inform the State government on the progress of the negotiations and to consult the State governments before any commitments are made during such negotiations, on matters regarding the categorization of the agricultural products (like Coconut, Natural rubber, tea, coffee, spices, cashew, diary and marine products) as well as fixing the tariff levels for import and export.

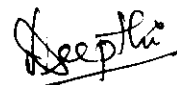
Yours sincerely

with Best Regards.

  
Adv. V.S. Sunil Kumar

To

Shri. Radha Mohan Singh  
Hon'ble Minister for Agriculture & Cooperation,  
Room No. 120, Krishi Bhavan,  
Dr. Rajendra Prasad Road, New Delhi - 110 001



02/02/2014