പതിനാലാം കേരള നിയമസഭ പത്താം സമ്മേളനം

നക്ഷത്രചിഹ്നമിടാത്ത ചോദ്യം നം.214

26.02.2018 ൽ മറുപടിക്ക്

സി എച്ച് സി - കളിലെ സ്റ്റാഫ് പാറ്റേൺ

ചോദ്യം		ഉത്തരം		
<u>@21/13/0</u>		<u>ട്ര</u> ശ്രീമതി. കെ.കെ. ശൈലജ ടീച്ചർ		
ശ്രീ.കെ.വി.വിജയദാസ്		(ആരോഗ്യവും സാമൂഹ്യനീതിയും വകപ്പ് മന്ത്രി)		
(ബി)	സി എച്ച് സി - കളിലെ സ്റ്റാഫ് പാറ്റേൺ ഏകീകരിച്ച് ഉത്തരവായിട്ടുണ്ടോ; എങ്കിൽ ഉത്തരവിന്റെ പകർപ്പ് സഹിതം വിശദവിവരം നൽകമോ; കോങ്ങാട് സി എച്ച് സി -യിൽ കിടത്തി ചികിത്സ ആരംഭിക്കുന്നതിനം ജീവനക്കാരെ നിയമിക്കുന്നതിനാവശ്യമായ തസ്തികകൾ അനുവദിക്കണമെന്നും ആവശ്യപ്പെട്ടുകൊണ്ട് 25.01.2018-ലെ KV/4051/2018-ാം നമ്പർ കുമ്മപ്രകാരം അർച്ചു വിഹേദവത്തിനേൽ	(എ) 02.08.1961 ലെ ജി.ഒ. (ആർ.ടി.)നം.3150/61/ആ.ക.വ പ്രകാരം സ്റ്റാഫ് പാറ്റേൺ ആരോഗ്യ വകപ്പിനു കീസ്ഥാപനങ്ങളിൽ നിലവിൽ വന്നത്. ഈ സ്റ്റാഫ് പാറ്റേൺ എ.പി.വിഭാഗം കിടക്കകളുടെ എണ്ണം മാത്രം ആസ്പദമാക്കിയിട്ടുള്ളതാണ്. 1961-ൽ സ്റ്റാപ് പാറ്റേൺ നിലവിൽ വന്നതിനു ശേഷം ആരോഗ്യ രംഗത്ത് ആധുനികവും ആതനവുമായ ധാരാളം ചികിത്സാ വിഭാഗ ആരംഭിക്കുകയുണ്ടായി. അതിനു ശേഷം ൽ സ്റ്റാന്റഡൈസേഷന്റെ ഭാഗമായി 06.11.2008-ലെ ജി.ഒ.(എം.എസ്) നം.568/08/ആ.ക.വ. എന്ന ഉത്തരവ് പ്രസ്റ്റാഫ് പാറ്റേൺ ഭേദഗതി വരുത്തിയിട്ടുള്ളതന്തെയിച്ച് അധിക തസ്തികകൾ നൃഷ്ടിച്ചിരുന്നില്ലെങ്കിലും മെച്ചപ്പെട്ട ചികിലഭ്യമാക്കുന്നതിനായി ആർദ്രം പദ്ധതിയിള്ളത്തിനോടകം മൊത്തം 1721 തസ്തികകൾ സൃഷ്ടിച്ച നൽകിയിട്ടുണ്ട്. ആരോഗ്യ വക കീഴിൽ ആകെ 4271 തസ്തിക സൃഷ്ടിച്ചിട്ടു (ഉത്തരവിന്റെ പകർപ്പുകൾ അനുബന്ധമ ചേർക്കുന്നു).	ാഫ് റങ്ങൾ 2008- കാരം ന്ദ്. പ്ലിന്റെ പ്ലിന്റെ ന്ദ്. ചായി	
	നൽകിയ നിവേദനത്തിന്മേൽ സ്വീകരിച്ചിട്ടുള്ള നടപടികളുടെ വിശദാംശം നൽകമോ ?			

സെക്ഷൻ ഓഫീസർ



GOVERNMENT OF KERALA Abstract

Health & Family Welfare Department - Standardization of Public Health institutions and upgradation of PHCs,/CHCs, Taluk and other Government Hospitals under Health Services Department - Orders issued.

HEALTH & FAMILY WELFARE (M) DEPARTMENT Thiruvananthapuram, 6.11, 2008. Dated

G.O.(MS)No.568/08/H&FWD Read: G.O.(P).No.156/08/H&FW dated 16.5.2008.

ORDER

Various categories of Health Care institutions namely Primary Health Centres, Community Health Centres and different categories of Government Hospitals existing in Kerala are not having a uniform pattern and the required manmum requirements have not been clearly specified. This has created various types of regional imbalances in the availability of health care institutions, adversely affecting the availability of services in the backward districts/areas. In the absence of clear-cut standardization criteria, systematic and uniform institutional development strategies have not been followed in the state. Based on some of the fundamental principles of Public Health Planning followed in the Standardization Committee report and the recently developed Indian Public Healti, Standards (IPHS) as approved vide G.O. above read and giving due consideration to the special features of the public health scenario and institutional development pattern of Kerala it has been decided to standardize health institutions coming under the Health Services Department.

2. As per the standardization process the institutions will be classified based on the bed strength/and the field requirements. Accordingly the Institutions will be classified as follows, with the facilities and staff strength indicated under each category to be provided in due course...

2.(1) Primary Health Centres (PHCs)

(a) Primary Health Centres are, basically Grama Panchayat level health institutions intended for providing the basic promotive/preventive health care services including the implementation of the national and state level Public Health programs along with minimum curalive services. Though observation, beds are provided in these institutions elaborate in-patient care is not expected at this level normally. However, at present there are many Primary Health Centres with functioning Inpatient services; Lab

services. Vehicles with driver etc. In these institutions. will be continued. But considering the fact that the efforts for app. the inpatient facilities into full-fledged I.P units in many of these institutions have repeatedly failed, the nonfunctioning (sanctioned) bed strength and additional staff created in some of these institutions may be transferred, if required, to other institutions requiring additional staff and bed strength.

(b) Hospital Staff pattern (Minimum staff required).

Medical Officers: 2 (Preferably one male and one female - increased from existing 1, the remaining 1 can be provided by NRHM till sanctioned posts are created)

2 Pharmacists - 1,

- 3. Staff nurse 3 (increased from existing I, the remaining 2 can be provided on contract basis with NRHM funding till sanctioned posts are created)
- 4. Nursing Assistant 1,
- Hospital Attendant 1,
- Part time sweeper 1

One Junior Public Health Nurse & Junior Health Inspector each for one sub Center i.e for 5000 population, (for 3000 population in tribal and hilly areas.) One Health Inspector, One Lady Health Inspector (Additional Staff required to be provided by NRHM)

(d)Office

One LD/UD Clerk, One peon 2.2. Primary Health Centres with 24 Hour on call Service (24X7 PHCs)

eligible Block PHCs into CHCs as per the (a) After upgrading the ctandardization criteria, the remaining block PHCs with functioning in patient facilities along with other existing Mini PHCs with functioning IP facilities will be categorized as 24 Hr PHCs as per Indian Public Health Standard. One Hospital in each block will be designated thus as 24x7 PHC and should have bed strength of up to 30, with the following staff strength.

(b)Staff Strength: Medical Officer - 4, Pharmacist -2; Lab Technician - 2; Staff Nurse- 9 Nursing Assistant - 3; Hospital Attendant - 3; Part Time Sweeper - 2

Preferably a vehicle, which can be taken by outsourcing.

(c) Staff nurse and other category of staff are to be provided as per the existing bed strength and other available facilities. Public Health wing staff and Office Staff will be as per existing norms. Additional Staff requirement will be provided

(d) The institution will have OPD services, emergency 24x7 services that could be attended by nurses and one Medical Officer, well functioning Hospital Management Committees(HMC), referral services, in-patient services, minor surgeries, management of wound and fracture, MCH care including FP services including facility for MTP, nutritional services, School Health Programs, and Monitoring & Supervision of National Health Programs including ASHA. Full

laboratory facilities shall be available and availability of drugs & key diagnostic tests is to be ensured.

2.3. Community Health Centres(CHC)

(a) Community Health Centres are Block level Health care institutions providing basic and Secondary Health Care services along with the planning, implementation and coordination of the Public Health Programs at the Block level. There will be one Community Health Centre each in all the Health Blocks in the State. At present some of the CD Blocks are not having a CHC. In such cases one block PHC/Govt.Hospital will be upgraded into CHC and with the support of Government of India these centres along with the existing CHCs shall be upgraded to Indian Public Health Standards (IPHS). The CHCs will have bed strength of 30 to 100 with theatre facility, Laboratory, X-ray, ECG and Ultrasound.

Doctors - 5 specialists (Medical Consultants or Junior Medical Consultants) in General Medicine, General Surgery, Obstetrics & Gynaecology, Paediatrics and

Other non specialists - 2 (general category) based on the total bed strength will be posted. Paramedical staff and other staff are to be posted based on the bed strength and other facilities available.

(c)Block level Public Health Staff. Health Supervisors - 1; Lady Health Supervisors - 1; Staff Nurse- 12 Junior Public Health Nurse - 2; Pharmacist - 2; Lab Technician - 2 Radiographer 1. Ophthalmic Assistant-1; Security -1

Other Public health wing staff and ministerial staff will be as per norms (d) The institutions shall have proper waste management system, laundry facilities, full emergency services, shall have a minimum of 7 doctors and 1 Block Coordinator cum PRO. The Instituțion shall provide 24x7 services, shall have separate male and female wards, and shall provide emergency obstetric care including surgical interventions like caesarian section, new born care, emergency care of sick children, lapro services, MTP services; essential lab services, blood storage services and transport services. It shall have ECG facilities, X-ray facility and preferably USS facility and shall have fully functional OT with surgical items. Minimum of two vehicles, one for administrative control over the PHCs and SCs are to be provided. One statistical assistant will be posted as the first level of monitoring/MIS. Minimum one computer with internet Computerized pharmacy, training and skill development of LSGI staff, ASHAs, JPHNs, Nurses etc. fully functional HMCs, connection will be provided.

residential accommodation for the staff etc. are to be ensured. (a) There will be at least one Taluk Hospital each in all the taluks. In a few 2.4. Taluk Hospitals large Taluks, some of the existing CHC/Govt Hospital, will be upgraded as Taluk Hospital. In some places, Taluk hospitals, which were previously designated as CHCs shall again be re-designated as Taluk Hospitals. The staff pattern will be as per existing norms. Taluk Hospital will have minimum bed strength of 100. All the Taluk Head Quarters Hospitals having more than 100 bed strength will continue to Have the existing facilities and staff pattern.

2.5 District Hospital/General hospital

There will be one or more District/General hospitals in each district ve minimum bed strength of 250. The staff pattern will be as per existing norms:

2.6. Women & Children's Hospitals & Specialty Hospitals.

The existing Women and Children's hospitals will continue as Women & Children Hospitals. The minimum bed strength of W&C will be 200, and the bed strength of W&Cs with less than 200 bed strength will be increased accordingly. Considering the need for providing quality Maternal and Child Health, W&C Hospitals will be started in all districts either separately or as part of the District/General Hospitals.. The staff strength will be as per existing norms:

2.7. Specialty hospitals of Mental Health, Leprosy and Tuberculosis etc will continue as Specialty Hospitals as at present. The bed strength and staff

pattern in these hospitals will be reviewed separately.

The list of hospitals in the various categories as above is given as Appendix - I. The district - wise summary of the classification of standardized

institutions is given as Appendix - II.

Separate orders will be issued for additional post creation in institutions, if required. However, postings may be done for the time being on contract basis with funding from NRHM depending on the need,

(BY ORDER OF THE GOVERNOR) Dr. Vishwas Mehta Secretary to Government.

To

1. All District Collectors

The Director of Health Services, Thiruvananthapuram

3. The Superintendents of Government Hospital/Specialty Hospitals (Through Director of Health Services)

4. All District Medical Officers (Through Director of Health Services)

5. The Secretaries of all Municipal Corporation/Municipalities

(Through Director of Urban Affairs)

6. The Secretaries of all Block/Grama Panchayat and all District Panchayat (Through the Director of Panchayats) 7. The Director of Information and Public Relations, Thiruvananthapuram,

8 Local Self Government Department.

Forwarded/by Order

Copy to: PS to Minister (Health & Social Welfare) PS to Minister (Local Self Government) CA to Secretary (Health) Stock file/Office copy.

1600 monumo - 2 seat @ gil Com

The Kerala Health Research & Welfare Society is giving a concession of Rs. 3 (Rupees three only) in the daily room reut of the pay wards for all Government Servants. In the circumstances, the concessions of Rs. 3 (Rupees three only) in the daily room rent of the pay wards of the Kerala Health Research & Welfare Society will be extended to the M.L.A.'s also.

> (By order of the Governor) I. GOPALAN, Deputy Secretary to Government.

GOVERNMENT OF KERALA

HEALTH & LABOUR (HEALTH C) DEPARTMENT

G.O. (Rt.) 3150/61/Health, dated, Trivandrum, 2nd August 1961.

Abstract.—Staff pattern for Hospitals with inpatients—Orders issued

Read.-Correspondence resting with letter PL4-9671/59, dated. 29th August 1960.

ORDER

Government are pleased to fix the following pattern of staff for hospitals (with inpatients.)

and a second second		
Category of post		No.
i. Doctor	1	upto 30 beds
	2	2 upto 50 beds
		upto 75 beds
		upto 100 beds
		5 upto 150 beds 6 upto 200 beds
	ž	7 upto 300 beds and
	8	9 upto 400 heds
	(If there are Hon Madient on
		everyoute the number of destart ! it
		Troopical With over 30 had with L.
		proportionately reduced.)
D AT		e de la companya de

Nuise

for every 10 beds.

Midwives

for 800 confinements in larger Maternity hospitals and a minimum of 2 for a hospital of more than 50 beds and Taluk Hospital.

Category of post

4. Pharmacist

upto 75 bcds and an additional for every additional 75 beds with proviso that if the average outpe Not exceeds 300 an additional will be sanctioned for every addit

5. Clerk

shove 50 beds above 100 beds above 200 beds and above 400 beda

Clerical Attender

One for hospitals with over 25 beds; with less than 50 beds. One for over 100 bedr. 6

Typist

Cleaners

One cleaner for every 15 beds. One for every 10 beds.

Warders (Hospital bearers Nursing Orderlies also to be known Warders)

10. Lascar (Stretcher attendants and watchmen to be KHOWIL Lascars)

under contingencies)

One upto fifty beds and an addition one for additional 100 beds (Who stretcher bearers are necessar the number of lascars will be tw when the number of beds are 50 (less).

11. Sweeper (Part-time Plinth area of the building and the are of the compound upto 4,000 squar feet. One part-time sweeper on Rs. plus 10.

Plinth area of the building and the are of the compound above 4,000 squar feet upto 6,000 square feet one o Rs. 12 plus 10,

Plinth area of the building and the are of the compound above 6,000 squar feet upto 8,000 square feet one o Rs. 15 plus 10.

12. Peon

One for an institution having fifty c more beds.

> (By order of the Governor), V. V. JOSEPH, Health Secretary.